

A Ravenscar-Java Profile Implementation

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- Implement the Ravenscar-Java Profile on an aJ-100 processor
- Investigate whether Real-Time UML is useful when designing embedded real-time systems
- Investigate through development of an industrial case how useful the Ravenscar-Java Profile is for design and development of industrial embedded systems with realtime requirements
- Compare the Ravenscar-Java solution with a C++ solution.

http://www.cs.aau.dk/ravenscar/

Outline



- An industrial case from FOSS
 - experiences and observations
- The aJ-100 Java processor
- Implementation of the Ravenscar-Java Profile
- Summary
- Discussion items

Industrial Case from FOSS





MilkoScanTM FT2

The instrument uses Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) to identify quality parameters in milk

Existing FTIR program: written in C/C++

Purpose: redesign and implement the FTIR program using Ravenscar

The FTIR instrument



FTIR instrument



enclosed in a Thermobox



- Temperature reading and regulation
 - reading
 - 5 times/sec
 - regulation
 - 1 time/sec
- Interferometer measurement
 - reading IR-detector
 - every 333 μs
- Other usual functionalities:
 - Watchdog, Monitoring, Logging, ...

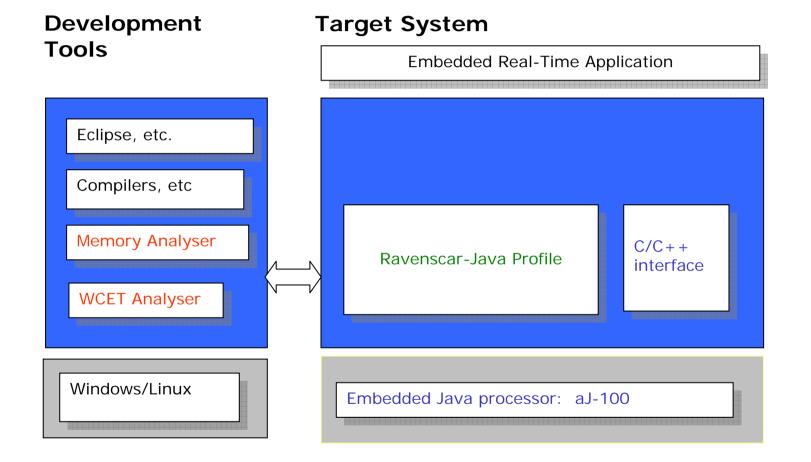
Process requirements



| | Periodic/Sporadic activity | Period/Inter-arrival time (T) | Deadline (D) | Priority (P) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Temp reader | periodic | 200 ms | 10 ms | 2 |
| Temp regulator | periodic | 1000 ms | 100 ms | 3 |
| Interferometer measurement | sporadic | 333 μs | 200 μs | 1 (highest) |
| Watchdog | periodic | 1000 ms | D = T | 5 |
| Limits monitor | periodic | 333 ms | D = T | 4 |
| Logging | periodic | 5000 ms | D = T | 6 (lowest) |
| Extern. Comm | periodic | 333 ms | D = T | 4 |

Overview of Future Foss system ?

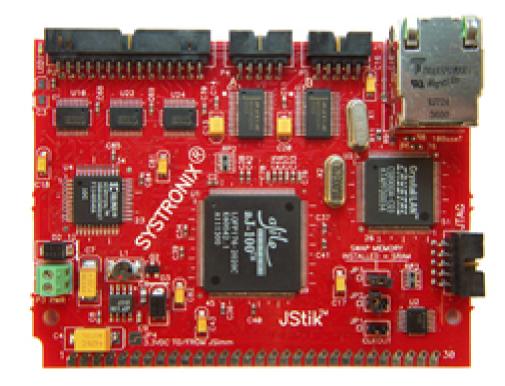




- For industrial use:
 - Ravenscar-Java is simple and easy to use
 - deadline is missing
 - no pause and termination methods are specified
- Ravenscar-Java is not a subset of RTSJ
 - adds new classes
 - Initializer, PeriodicThread
 - SporadicEvent, SporadicInterrupt
- Scoped memory is difficult to understand and use
 - Peter Dibble: 40 pages ("hard to use", p. 318)
 - Andy Wellings: 36 pages ("one of the most complicated areas of the RTSJ", p. 170)
 - Instead, use: Real-Time garbage collector ?

Our implementation on the aJ-100 processor RJD







- uses Java bytecode as its native instruction set
- embedded real-time multi-threading kernel
 - microcoded in hardware, including:
 - a priority pre-emptive scheduler, 32 priority levels
 - a priority ceiling protocol
 - periodic threads
- has all the common embedded peripherals

- I/O Ports, Serial Interface, Ethernet, Timers, etc.



- A runtime system based upon
 - J2ME (Java 2 Platform Micro Edition)
 - CLDC (Connected Limited Device Configuration 1.0)
- An aJile Java API to access the processor
 - 85 interfaces and classes, e.g.
 - PianoRoll, PeriodicThread
 - rawJEM (low level access to physical memory)
 - GpioPin (controls general purpose IO pins)
- JEM Builder and Charade:
 - tools for static linking and loading, etc.
- Other development tools are general purpose, e.g. Eclipse



- Real-time threads
 - Initializer thread
 - Periodic thread
- Sporadic event and interrupt
- Sporadic event handler
- Memory
 - Immortal memory
 - Raw memory
 - (Scoped memory)
- Time classes



```
java.lang.Object
|
+--java.lang.Thread
|
+--javax.ravenscar.RealtimeThread
|
+--javax.ravenscar.Initializer
|
+--javax.ravenscar.NoHeapRealtimeThread
|
+--javax.ravenscar.PeriodicThread
```



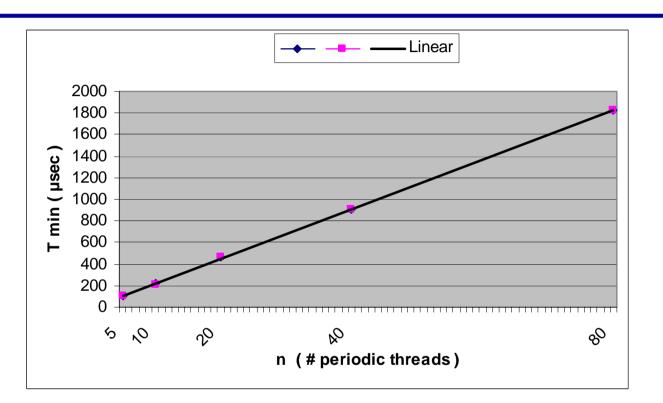
```
public class PeriodicThread extends NoHeapRealtimeThread
  . . .
  private com.ajile.jem.PeriodicThread aJileTh;
  public PeriodicThread (PriorityParameters pp, PeriodicParameters p,
                          Runnable logic)
    super (pp,p,ImmortalMemory.instance(),logic);
    aJileTh = new aJilePeriodicThread();
    . . .
  public final void run() {
    info = SetupInfoArray.getInstance().getSetupInfo(this);
    aJileTh.makePeriodic (period, priority, ...);
    aJileTh.start();
  static boolean waitForNextPeriod() {
    com.ajile.jem.PeriodicThread.cycle();
    return true;
```



```
private class aJilePeriodicThread extends com.ajile.jem.PeriodicThread
 public void run() {
    // run until start time:
    for(long count = info.startTime/info.period; count > 0; count--)
      PeriodicThread.waitForNextPeriod();
    // run from start time:
    for (;;)
      logic.run();
      PeriodicThread.waitForNextPeriod();
```

Performance





- Just as effective as the native implementation
- Changing from thread-to-thread: < 1 μ sec
- Execution time nearly the same as JOP, and comparable with C
- Can run up to 500 periodic threads.

Summary



- The Ravenscar-Java Profile
 - implemented on a native Java processor
 - about 35 classes, and 12 utility classes
 - easier than expected
 - lines of code:

PeriodicThread: 25

SporadicEventHandler:35

 ${\tt SporadicInterrupt:}\ 20$

- total: 47 * 35 \approx 1700 lines of code
- Just as efficient as the native implementation



- A revised profile
 - free the profile from the bindings of RTSJ
 - use the Midlet as model
 - start, pause and termination states
 - use a real-time garbage collector
 - throw away scoped memory